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Samaras 1941

Camellias



Japonica
and

Sasanqua

CAMELLIAS

For many years, Camellias have been one of the world's most honored flowers. This is as it should be. Not alone for their great beauty of blossom and foliage are they noteworthy, but, as has been discovered in recent years, they are one of the hardiest plants in cultivation and require only the simplest culture.

There are the appealing singles with their large petals symmetrically arranged around showy yellow stamens, semi-doubles and full doubles, either of the paeony or formal flat types. The color scale runs from the purest white through many shades of pink and red and an infinite number of variegations. There is a type for every conceivable taste and no garden is too humble to offer an appropriate setting for some of the simpler informal kinds.

A location on the north or east side of a building or any semi-shady position protected from the afternoon sun should be selected; and do remember that a well drained soil is of first importance. The required acid condition can be supplied by mixing $\frac{1}{3}$ each of peat, well rotted leaf-mold and good sandy loam. Fertilize in April, June and August with a balanced commercial food, with a cotton-seed base, specially prepared for Camellias. Work it in lightly as the roots are near the surface.

Flowering of the different varieties begins in October and continues through the winter to the end of April. As a cut flower, the Camellia is a worthy rival of the orchid, and, as a decorative evergreen that may be depended upon for luxuriant foliage throughout the year, it is unsurpassed.

PRICES, according to size and variety:

	Standard Varieties	New and Rare Varieties
1 gal. containers.....	\$.75 to 1.50	\$ 2.00 to 3.50
7 and 8 in. pots.....	2.00 to 3.50	2.50 to 5.00
5 gal. containers.....	2.50 to 5.00	5.00 to 10.00
Tubs.....	3.50 to 10.00	7.50 to 15.00
Balled.....	3.50 and up	7.50 and up
Large specimens.....	12.50 and up	15.00 and up

The new and rare varieties marked with an asterisk *
Period of bloom indicated by months after each variety.

COOLIDGE

Rare Plant Gardens

889 North Foothill Boulevard

East Pasadena, California

Telephone SYcamore 4-1121

OPEN SUNDAYS

CAMELLIA SASANQUA, New

If you are an admirer of the artless and ethereal in flowers, we know the group of Camellias known as the Sasanquas will completely win your heart. In direct contrast to the Japonicas, they are entirely lacking in formal symmetry, either of blossom or habit of growth. The majority have single or semi-double flowers and possess the fragrance, as well as the appearance, of the wild rose.

On account of their loose branched, semi-trailing habit of growth, some of them are very charming as a ground covering and most of them are adapted to espalier treatment on trellis, fence or wall. Their cultural requirements are the same as for other Camellias.

APPLE BLOSSOM: Closely resembles its namesake with its single blossoms and its pink and white coloring. Upright habit and small green foliage. Oct.-Jan.

BETTY McCASKILL: This dainty ball-shaped flower is of softest pink, tinted and margined in a rose-red. Double. It has all the charm of a miniature paeony. Something entirely new in a Sasanqua. Feb.-Apr.

BLANCHETTE: Is a pure white, single, which reminds one of the dogwood bloom. Very sturdy and upright, with dainty grey-green foliage. Oct.-Jan.

BRIAR ROSE: Single, of a soft, clear pink which resembles the wild rose. Has a small dark green foliage and a flaring habit of growth which makes it admirable for pleaching. Oct.-Jan.

HEBE: Exquisite single deep rose-pink. Flowers borne in profusion. Growth upright and spreading—very vigorous. Bronzy green foliage. Oct.-Feb.

MININA: Is one of the largest flowering and loveliest of the pink Sasanquas with charming foliage and spreading habit of growth. Very fine for espalier treatment. Oct.-Jan.

TANYA: Deep rose. Foliage dark and glossy, habit rather weeping. Delicately beautiful with its deep colored, fragile petals against dark foliage. Oct.-Dec.

WHITE DOVES: Words are inadequate to describe the delicate beauty of this trailing sort, with its quantities of feathery, double, snowy flowers. It is lovely when used as a wall or ground cover, but may also be trained on fences or trellises. Oct.-Feb.

From early October through April, the numerous varieties offer a continuous and everchanging pageant of thousands of blooms. You may feel free to come in and enjoy them at any time.

MATSUKA: A medium semi-double red and white marbled with a very high center (Pine Cone type.) It is bushy and low growing and a good bloomer. Jan.-Mar.

NAGASAKI:* This very large semi-double is a fresh glowing rose-red, with huge white dots and dashes. It lies very flat when fully open and exposes spectacular stamens. Dec.-Mar.

PANACHE: A large, slightly flattened double flower in softest pink with lighter variegations. Has the most abundant foliage of all Camellias. Spreading habit of growth. Blooms over a long period from Dec. to Apr.

PIERETTE: New. A large, fluffy, extremely double flesh color, with bright cherry-red stripings. Bushy and spreading. One of the most exquisite Camellias. Jan.-Mar.

QUEEN OF HEARTS: The informal semi-double flowers of this bewitching Camellia are, for the greater part, white streaked with a soft rose pink, but an occasional flower or group of flowers will be entirely pink, making the plant particularly attractive and desirable. A quick grower, of open, upright habit. Jan.-Mar.

SEASHELL: A small variegated semi-double, in dusky pink penciled in a deeper tone. Has very good foliage and makes a most attractive shrub. Feb.-Mar.

TRICOLOR: Rather reminds one of a tulip because of its cupped shape. It is a dainty and informal flower in white, mottled and streaked in pink and red. Mar.-Apr.

WAKANOURA VARIEGATA:* Is a dazzling beauty. Its waxy-white semi-double flowers, with petals slightly cupped, are vividly streaked with carmine. Good foliage and erect habit of growth. Jan.-Mar.

pink

APPLEBLOSSOM: Has dainty trumpet-shaped blossoms of opalescent pink, borne on a compact shrub with small deep green leaves. Dec.-Feb.

CHIFFON: The name suggests the clear, transparent texture of this truly lovely semi-double. Clear pink without shading or markings of any sort. Blooms freely and is of open, vigorous growth. Jan.-Mar.

DELLA ROBBIA:* Rare. Although listed under the pink camellias, this exquisite flower is really white with a pale lilac overtone. A semi-double of moderate size and gardenia-like texture that is truly a departure from the accepted colors of camellias. Dec.-Mar.

FRANCINE: A huge, clear rose pink, of the paeony type, like a nosegay with a lace frill. Identical with Chandleri elegans in foliage and flowers, but without variegation. Dec.-Mar.

GRANDIFLORA ROSEA:* Its huge picturesque flower is of the semi-double type, with broad petals of a brilliant salmon rose, arranged interestingly around a bright yellow center of long stamens. An upright grower, with excellent foliage. It must be seen to be fully appreciated. Jan.-Apr.

JUDITH: Foliage deep, rich green. Flowers clear pink, trumpet shaped, borne from January to March. A dainty delicate Camellia quite different from any other. Growth stiffly erect.

JOHN LAING: Medium sized, compact, symmetrical, double. Soft rose-salmon pink and not unlike Pink Perfection in form. Very desirable for corsages. Vigorous much branched growth. Foliage small and glossy. Jan.-Mar.

KUMASAKA:* A large, fluffy double of glowing pink. The center petals are curled and twisted to reveal a mass of golden stamens. An erect and vigorous grower and heavy bloomer. Rarely beautiful and one of the most sought after of all Camellias.

MARCHIONESS OF EXETER:* A glowing lustrous candy pink of exceptional beauty. Perfect in form and arrangement of its numerous petals. Gigantic in size, yet of graceful proportions. The plant has a low and spreading habit of growth, and attractive foliage. No collection is complete without this extraordinary variety. Dec.-Mar.

PERUCHINI (Pink Nobilissima): Deep rose paeony shaped flower of medium size. Vigorous, upright grower with bold handsome foliage. Dec.-Mar.

PINK PERFECTION: This old favorite still ranks as one of the most desirable. The medium sized flowers are a shell pink, exquisite in their symmetry and delicate texture. Freest blooming of all and makes a magnificent specimen. Blooms intermittently from Oct. to Mar.

RHAPSODY:* Its gay rose-pink unusually large flower is a full semi-double, measuring between 6 and 7 inches across and displaying numerous golden-yellow stamens. Good foliage and a strong grower. Jan.-Mar.

ROSALIE:* This charming Camellia is a large symmetrical double in variable rose. A good grower and heavy bloomer with clean sturdy foliage. Should have a place in every collection. Dec.-Mar.

ROSE QUEEN: Closely resembles Busch Garden Red in form, except it blooms somewhat earlier and has narrower foliage. Jan.-Mar.

ROSITA: Rose-pink flowers of medium size—closely double and of perfect form. Bushy vigorous grower. One of the finest late bloomers. Feb.-Apr.

SHALIMAR:* A delicately fragrant pink of informal shape and medium size. The foliage is particularly good, and its blooming season one of the longest. Jan.-Apr.

SPRINGTIDE:* This soft pink is noteworthy because of its pleasing symmetry. Is double and of medium size. Feb.-Apr.

VALENTINE: An informal semi-double of great charm. The soft pink cup shaped flowers contrast interestingly with the sulphur-yellow stamens. A quick grower, of open, upright habit. Jan.-Mar.

VALVAREDA: Many Camellia growers contend that this is the finest of all Camellias. Cup shaped, of perfect symmetry, with pale pink center petals shading to a deeper rose on the outer petals. A strong grower, well branched and with the finest foliage imaginable. Jan.-Mar.

WINGS (Pink Hikari Gengi):* Although identical in form with Hikari Gengi, its color is a soft rose pink. A very full blossom with frilly winglike petals. Has attractive yellow stamens and an illusive fragrance. Jan.-Mar.

red

ALOHA:* A full paeony type, in a dark salmon-rose. Very large and one of the most magnificent Camellias we propagate. Oct.-Feb.

BUSCH GARDEN RED: Somewhat formal close petalled type, of good form and size. Deep rose red. Habit of growth compact and spreading. Feb.-Mar.

COVINA: An informal, double rose-red, of bright and lasting color. Blooms freely over a long period and makes a fine compact, bushy specimen. Effective in pots or tubs. It has a charm all its own. Jan.-Apr.

COLONEL FIREY:* New and rare. This huge Camellia, the dark red of a Hadley rose, seems almost artificial in its exquisite symmetry. Is from 4 to 5 in. in diameter, rather flat in form and one of the freest flowering and most admired of all Camellias. A true aristocrat. Jan.-Apr.

ELENA NOBILE:* Quite unique is this flame-red double Camellia, opening to show a mass of golden stamens. A strong grower and late bloomer, commanding attention because of its unusual shade of red. Mar.-May.

JULIA DRAYTON:* An heroic double rose-red of exceptional beauty. The petals are wide and lie more or less flat, showing a golden column of stiff upright stamens. Foliage large, dark and handsome. An outstanding variety. Jan.-Mar.

OTOME RED: New. Deep cherry-red flowers of medium size. Informal broad petals, double, the yellow stamens showing at the center. Very bushy grower—dark, abundant foliage. Jan.-Mar.

PROFESSOR CHARLES S. SARGENT:* New and rare. A truly magnificent Camellia of the full paeony type. The entire flower is a dark red ball of incurved petaloids, edged by a frill of broader petals, 4 in. in diameter; free flowering and a sturdy grower. Jan.-Mar.

RAINY SUN: A very large loose petaled semi-double. Reminds one of a hibiscus and is almost as large. Deep rose-red. One of the heaviest and most colorful bloomers in the garden. Dec.-Feb.

ROBIN HOOD (Wakanoura):* New. A gallant semi-double in rich cherry-red. The petals stand out stiffly separated from each other with the edges of each cupped slightly inward. Very showy and an erect grower. Jan.-Mar.

ROMANY: Closely resembles Pink Perfection in form and size. Their rosy-red blossoms are among the first to appear in early winter. This unfading, clean-cut type is very desirable for corsages. Oct.-Feb.

TE DEUM:* New. Very large double, brilliant red, of paeony form. Resembles Prof. Sargent but with looser and larger petaloids. Large, lustrous foliage, fast grower and generous bloomer. Unusually beautiful. Jan.-Mar.

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